

Notice of Intended Marriage

where both parties ordinarily resident outside New Zealand

To the Registrar of Marriages

Notice No.

Notice is given that the parties named below intend to marry at either

Full address of place where marriage is to be solemnised and any alternative address below

or at

Date or approximate date of marriage

*on

Denomination or organisation

*A marriage licence is valid for 3 months only.

Full name of Marriage Celebrant (not required if marriage to be performed by Registrar)

by

Bride

Bridegroom

Current first or given name(s)

Current surname or family name

First or given name(s) at birth
(if different from above)

Surname or family name at birth
(if different from above)

Full date of birth

Place of birth

Usual occupation, profession or job

What was your last relationship (if any)?

- Marriage Civil union
 Never been married or in a civil union

If previously married or in a civil union:

(1) How did that relationship end?

- By dissolution/divorce order Death of spouse/partner

(2) When did that relationship end?

Usual residential address in full

- including:
- flat number (if applicable)
 - street number and name
 - suburb or rural locality
 - city, town or district
 - country (if not New Zealand)

MOTHER: First or given name(s)

Surname or family name

Surname or family name at birth
(if different from above)

FATHER: First or given name(s)

Surname or family name

Surname or family name at birth
(if different from above)

I intend to appear in person at the office of the Registrar to whom this notice is sent to collect a marriage licence on

Statutory Declaration To be completed in front of the Registrar or Commonwealth representative.

I solemnly and sincerely declare:

- (1) that the information provided in this notice is true;
(2) that I believe that the marriage is not prohibited by section 15 of the Marriage Act 1955;

**Delete paragraph (3) where not applicable.

** (3) that

being under the age of 18 years, the consents required by law to the intended marriage have been given; and (4) that there is no lawful impediment to the intended marriage;

*** And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the Oaths and Declarations Act 1957.

Declared at

this day of

***Declaration may be made either: (a) When notice sent to Registrar of Marriages from overseas; or (b) When party attends an office of a Registrar of Marriages to collect marriage licence.

Signature of party giving notice

Signature of Commonwealth representative (if declaration made before party's arrival in New Zealand) or Registrar of Marriages (if declaration made after party's arrival in New Zealand).

Print full name of party giving notice

Print full name of Commonwealth representative or Registrar of Marriages (*cross out one*).

Licence issued on

BDM10 10A & 45/45A prepared

Index noted

Objection checked

Completed BDM45A returned

Date & Initials of Registrar

Date & Initials

Date & Initials

Date & Initials

Date & Initials

Notes

IMPORTANT: one of the parties must deliver the notice personally to the Registrar of Marriages and make the required statutory declaration. Please produce evidence of dissolution of any previous marriages and civil unions.

At least 3 days' notice of intended marriage is required.

Section 15

- (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, a marriage which is forbidden by the provisions of Schedule 2 to this Act shall be void.
- (2) Any persons who are not within the degrees of consanguinity but are within the degrees of affinity prohibited by the said Schedule 2 may apply to the High Court for its consent to their marriage, and the Court, if it is satisfied that neither party to the intended marriage has by his or her conduct caused or contributed to the cause of the termination of any previous marriage of the other party, may make an order dispensing with the prohibition contained in Schedule 2 to this Act so far as it relates to the parties to the application and, if such an order is made, that prohibition shall cease to apply to the parties.
- (3) The Registrar of the Court where any order under this section is made shall send a copy in duplicate of the order to the Registrar-General.
- (4) No marriage not forbidden by the provisions of Schedule 2 to this Act shall be void only on the ground of consanguinity or affinity.

Schedule 2 Forbidden marriages

1 and 5. A man may not marry his—

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| (1) Grandmother: | (21) Grandmother's civil union partner: |
| (2) Grandfather's wife: | (22) Grandfather's civil union partner: |
| (3) Wife's grandmother: | (23) Mother's civil union partner: |
| (4) Father's sister: | (24) Father's civil union partner: |
| (5) Mother's sister: | (25) Son's civil union partner: |
| (6) Mother: | (26) Daughter's civil union partner: |
| (7) Stepmother: | (27) Grandson's civil union partner: |
| (8) Wife's mother: | (28) Granddaughter's civil union partner: |
| (9) Daughter: | (29) Civil union partner's grandmother: |
| (10) Wife's daughter: | (30) Civil union partner's mother: |
| (11) Sons' wife: | (31) Civil union partner's daughter: |
| (12) Sister: | (32) Civil union partner's granddaughter. |
| (13) Son's daughter: | |
| (14) Daughter's daughter: | |
| (15) Son's son's wife: | |
| (16) Daughter's son's wife: | |
| (17) Wife's son's daughter: | |
| (18) Wife's daughter's daughter: | |
| (19) Brother's daughter: | |
| (20) Sister's daughter: | |

3. The foregoing provisions of this Schedule with respect to any relationship shall apply whether the relationship is by the whole blood or by the half blood.

4. In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires, the term "wife" means a former wife, whether she is alive or deceased, and whether her marriage was terminated by death or divorce or otherwise; and the term "husband" has a corresponding meaning.

2 and 6. A woman may not marry her—

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| (1) Grandfather: | (21) Grandmother's civil union partner: |
| (2) Grandmother's husband: | (22) Grandfather's civil union partner: |
| (3) Husband's grandfather: | (23) Mother's civil union partner: |
| (4) Father's brother: | (24) Father's civil union partner: |
| (5) Mother's brother: | (25) Son's civil union partner: |
| (6) Father: | (26) Daughter's civil union partner: |
| (7) Stepfather: | (27) Granddaughter's civil union partner: |
| (8) Husband's father: | (28) Grandson's civil union partner: |
| (9) Son: | (29) Civil union partner's grandfather: |
| (10) Husband's son: | (30) Civil union partner's father: |
| (11) Daughter's husband: | (31) Civil union partner's son: |
| (12) Brother: | (32) Civil union partner's grandson. |
| (13) Son's son: | |
| (14) Daughter's son: | |
| (15) Son's daughter's husband: | |
| (16) Daughter's daughter's husband: | |
| (17) Husband's son's son: | |
| (18) Husband's daughter's son: | |
| (19) Brother's son: | |
| (20) Sister's son: | |

7. In this schedule, the term civil union partner means a former civil union partner whether he or she is alive or deceased, and whether the civil union was terminated by death or dissolution or otherwise.

8. In this schedule, a reference to a stepfather or stepmother is a reference to a relationship established by marriage.

For further information please contact:

Births, Deaths and Marriages
PO Box 10526
WELLINGTON

Website: www.bdm.govt.nz
E-mail: bdm.nz@dia.govt.nz

Free phone: 0800 22 52 52 or
++64 4 474 8150 (from outside New Zealand)

Privacy Statement

The information sought on this form is collected under the Marriage Act 1955 and is required for a Marriage Registrar to process the marriage licence application. Failure to complete the form could result in the application being declined.

A person who makes, or causes to be made, a false declaration on this form will be liable on conviction to a fine or term of imprisonment, or both.

If the marriage takes place, the information contained in this form will be transferred to the marriage registration form (the BDM45s) and form the basis of the registration of the marriage in accordance with the Births, Deaths, and Marriages Registration Act 1995 (the "BDMR Act").

If this information is so registered, it will be held on a public register, and may generally be accessed by any person on application (e.g. as a certificate or printout). Births, Deaths, and Marriages may also release it to certain government agencies, as authorised by law.

The Privacy Act 1993 provides rights of access to, and correction of, personal information collected on this form. However, the BDMR Act governs access to registered marriage information. Information about your rights to access and, where appropriate, correct the information, is available by contacting Births, Deaths and Marriages.